Accessibility to Higher Education

We urge Congress to keep Federal loan programs that currently benefit students, to keep PSLF, to remove the proposed loan cap provisions, and to equalize the loan rates for graduate and undergraduate borrowers.



The average cumulative debt for an undergraduate is \$29,000, for a Master's is \$57,000, and \$75,000 for a doctoral degree. This figure increases to \$146,000 for a professional degree. [3]

Federal investment

in doctoral education fills a critical gap that neither states or industry can fill

Student Loan Statistics

- 32.1 million students borrow \$1,003.3 billion in Direct Loans to pay for college students to pay for school [1].
- In 2016, Income Driven Repayment plans, under PSLF, increased by 36% [2].
- Private student loan debt volume hit \$7.8 billion in 2014-15, up from \$5.2 billion in 2010-11 [5].
- Graduate students comprise 13% of the borrowing population, borrowing 40% of all loan dollars, and account for 77% of student loan profit [4]

\$28,500 Loan Caps

will push grad students to more expensive private loans or cause them not to pursue a degree at all [6]

Loan Forgiveness & Loan Caps

- PSLF incentivizes people to go into public service occupations, address areas of national importance, and serve our vulnerable populations [6]
- A loan cap of \$28,500 will create a funding gap that will either cause students not to go to grad school or to fill the gap with more expensive private loans. [6]

13%:77%

Grad-Prof students: 13% of loans; 77% of net profit [4]

Why This Matters

- When the federal government invests in graduate-professional education, the entire nation greatly benefits. [7]
- Jobs requiring advanced degrees are expected to grow by at least 20% between 2010 and 2020 [8]
- Domestic enrollment in graduate education has seen a decline over the past several years. [9]

National Need

PSLF incentivizes public service provides resources to our vulnerable populations [6]

Accessibility to Higher Education



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